²hotoelectric Sensors

Photoelectric Sensors

Specialized Photoelectric Sensors

Laser Displacement **Sensors**

Fiber Units

Easy mounting

Thread type Cylindrical type

Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2 Flexible R1/R2 Retro-reflective Small object detection Screen/Array

Limited diffuse

Narrow view/ wafer mapping Heat resistant Chemical resistant Vacuum resistant Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection Lens for through-beam type Correct use

Thanks to highly-flexible fibers

The fiber unit for the flexible type (R1 mm) has an allowable bending radius of 1 mm ! Cable can be installed without worrying about damaging the fiber.

*If fibers are to be bent repeatedly, such as when mounted on moving parts, please select a flexible fiber→P.49

Standard fiber

Flexible fiber

Space is needed because the bending radius is large. Also, you may have problems when snagged.

Extra space is unnecessary as the bending radius is 1 mm. No more worrying about snagging.

Flexible R1 (R1 mm)

Fiber with 1 mm bending radius for the smallest possible bends

Related

products

Fiber units

(R4 mm, R2 mm)

P.49

Flexible R4/R2

Fiber units

(R2 mm)

O P.58

Flexible R2

Extra space is unnecessary as the bending radius is 1 mm. Also prevents snagging.

Over 20 types are available, including through-beam types and diffuse types

ορτεχ E



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Flexible R1 mm fiber units (through-beam type)

Туре	Features/dimensions (mm)		istance (mm)	1	Ambient	Bending radius	Model	
	Lens attachable (P.98), Free cut	D3RF	D2RF	BRF	temperature	(mm)	Woder	S II
	Let is attached (1.50), resolut Screwing side M2.6 \times 0.45 Detecting M4 \times 0.7 part detail (Brass with nickel plating) Multi core fiber 0.075 \times 151	7-EL 3-ST 4,000 6-UL 2,000 5-PL 1,600 4-L6 1,400 3-ST 1,000 2-FS 550 1-HS 180	Long 800 Std 400 Fast 200	360	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TK77 Low cost	Photoelectric Sensors
M4	Nut type, Free cut 7.5 or more (Thread) 8.5 133 129 129 129 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	7-EL 1,530 6-JL 1,440 5-PL 1,260 4.6 1,000 3-ST 720 2-FS 420 1-HS 140	Long 800 804 450 Fast 250	300	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TR08	Photoelectric Sensors Specialized Photoelectric Sensors Laser Displacement Sensors
Through-beam type	Nut type, Lens installed, Free cut 7.5 or more (Thread) 2000 4.5 4.4 1.2.9 4.4 1.2.0 Control washer ø8.5 4.4 1.2 Control washer ø8.5 Lens (acrylic) Detecting part detail 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2 0.2	7-EL 3,600 6-UL 3,600 5-PL 3,600 4-L6 3,150 3-ST 1,980 2-FS 1,900 1-HS 320	Long 2,300 Std 1,300 Fast 550	800	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TR09	Fiber Units Easy mounting Thread type Cylindrical type
Ø UU ø2	o1 sleeve: 15 mm long, Side view, Free cut 15 2000 1 4 2.5 (PVC) 0 1 (SUS) Light axis 0.5 x 151	7-EL 160 6-UL 150 5-FL 130 4-UG 110 3-ST 76 2-FS 45 1-HS 11	Long 90 Sid 50 Fast 25	20	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TG05	Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2 Flexible R1/R2 Retro-reflective Small object detection
ø3	Lens installed, Free cut e2 lens Detecting part detail e1. Multi core fiber e0.075 × 151	7-EL 3-ST 3,600 1,800 6-UL 2-FS 3,600 1,000 5-PL 1+HS 3,150 340 4-LG 2,790	Long 2,300 Std 1,300 Fast 550	550	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TR10	Screen/Array
ø4	Side view, Free cut Rod prism (glass) lens (material PC) 2.8 3.6 SUS303 e2.2 3.0 Detecting part detail	2,100 3-ST 7-EL 3-ST 3,500 2,000 6-UL 2-FS 3,500 1,000 5-PL 1+HS 3,500 300 4-LG 3,000	Long 1,800 Std 1,000 Fast 500	700	-40 to +70°C	R1	NF-TS22V	Heat resistant Chemical resistant
ø5	Narrow view, Side view, Free cut Detecting part detail 3.7 25 2000 01 02.2 $02.2Multi core fiber0.075 \times 151 Holder // (20) 02.2$	7-EL 3,600 6-UL 3,600 5-PL 3,600 1,500 5-PL 1-HS 3,600 4-LG	Long 2,500 Std 1,600 Fast 800	1,000	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TG02	Vacuum resistant Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection Lens for

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Flexible R1 mm fiber units (through-beam type)

-			Sensing	Ambient Bending radius		5 Marial			
Ту	pe	Features/dimensions (mm)	D3RF	D2RF	BRF	temperature	(mm)	Model	
	Screen	11 mm wide screen, Side ON, Free cut Light axis center Light axis	7-EL 3,700 6-UL 3,000 5-PL 3,000 4-LG 3,000 3-ST 2,500 2-FS 2,500 2-FS 2,000 1-HS 1,000	3,000 Sid 2,500 Fast 1,200	2,000	-40 to +55°C	R1	NF-TZO9 Renewal Collimated light	
	Scr	32 mm wide screen, Side ON, Free cut Fiber: o1 × 1 core (PMMA), sheath o1.3 (PE) Window (3.2 × 32), ters (norbornene plastic) 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	7-EL 3,700 6-UL 3,700 5-PL 3,700 4-LG 3,700 2-FS 3,000 1-HS 2,500	Long 3,700 Std 3,000 Fast 2,500	2,500	-40 to +55°C	R1	NF-TZO7 Renewal Collimated light	
Through-beam type		Flat ON, Free cut 0.5	7-EL 1,190 6-UL 1,120 5-PL 980 4-L6 850 3-ST 5-50 2-FS 310 1-HS 100	Long 600 Sid 350 Fast 200	220	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TEO1	
	Square	Head ON/Side ON switchable type, Free cut 1000 0.5 + -2 1.5 + -	7-EL 430 6-UL 350 4-LG 350 4-LG 300 3-ST 190 2-RS 120 1-HS 36	Long 250 Std 120 Fast 55	110	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TEO2 Switchable direction	
		Flat ON, Free cut 7 11.2 7 11.2 7 11.2 7 11.2 7 11.2 11	7-EL 1,890 6-UL 1,770 5-PL 1,540 4-LG 1,350 3-ST 880 2-FS 520 1-HS 170	Long 900 Std 500 Fast 350	450	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TEO3	

●Install with an ambient humidity between 35 and 85%. In the case of 85% RH, the ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40°C.

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Specialized Photoelectric Sensors Laser Displacement Sensors

Fiber Units

Easy mounting

Thread type Cylindrical type

Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2

Flexible R1/R2 Retro-reflective Small object detection Screen/Array Limited diffuse Narrow view/ wafer mapping Heat resistant Chemical resistant Vacuum resistant



Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection Lens for through-beam type Correct use

Fiber units Flexible R1 (R1 mm)

			Sensing di	stance (mm)		Ambient	Bending radius		U
Ту	pe	Features/dimensions (mm)	D3RF	D2RF	BRF	temperature	(mm)	Model	
		Flat ON/Head ON switchable type, Free cut 2000 1 2.9 1.6 2	7-EL 1,340 6-UL 1,260 5-PL 1,090 4-L6 960 3-ST 630 2-FS 390 1-HS 130	Long 750 Std 450 Faat 250	280	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TEO4 (Switchable direction)	Photoelectric Sensors
		Flat ON, Free cut	7-EL 2,450 6-UL 2,300 5-PL	Long					Photoelectric Sensors
/pe		Provide the second seco	2,010 4-LG S 1,710	1,200 Std 650 Fast 330	500	500 -40 to +60°C 1,300 -40 to +60°C		NF-TR13	Specialized Photoelectric Sensors
beam ty	uare								Laser Displacement Sensors
Through-beam type	Sq		7-EL 3,600 6-UL 3,600 5-PL 3,600	Long 2,700					Fiber Units
-			4-LG 3,150	std 1,500	1,300				Easy mounting
		5.5- 1.75-17.5- Light axis 02.5 (PVC) Detecting part detail 01 01 Multi core fiber 0.075 × 151	3-st 2,000 2-Fs 1,200	Fast 1,000					Thread type
			1-HS 540						Cylindrical type
		Head ON, Free cut housing (polycarbonate)	^{7-EL} 3,600						Sleeve type
		25	6-UL 3,600 5-PL	Long					Flexible R4/R2
		8 T 3 3 5 6 9 9 01.3 1 2 11 2 - 02.2 01.3 Detection part datail	3,580 ^{4-LG} 3,060	2,700 Std 1,600 Fast	1,600	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-TR11	Flexible R1/R2
		Light axis	3-st 1,980 2-FS	Fast 850					Retro-reflective
			1,350 ^{1-HS} 530						Small object detection
		ø0.075 × 151							

Flexible R1 mm fiber units (through-beam type)

●Install with an ambient humidity between 35 and 85%. In the case of 85% RH, the ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40°C.

Chemical resistant Vacuum

Screen/Array

Limited diffuse Narrow view/ wafer mapping Heat resistant

resistant Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection

Lens for through-beam type

Flexible R1 mm fiber units (diffuse type)

Photoelectric Sensors	Ту
Photoelectric Sensors	
Specialized Photoelectric Sensors	
Laser Displacement Sensors	
Fiber Units	
Easy mounting	be
	5
Thread type	se 1
	Diffuse t
	Diffuse 1
Cylindrical type	Diffuse 1
Cylindrical type Sleeve type	Diffuse t
Cylindrical type Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2 Flexible R1/R2	Diffuse 1
Cylindrical type Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2 Flexible R1/R2	Diffuse t
Cylindrical type Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2 Flexible R1/R2 Retro-reflective Small object	Diffuse t
Cylindrical type Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2 Flexible R1/R2 Retro-reflective Small object detection	Diffuse t

Heat	resistant
mour	rooiotaint

Chemical resistant Vacuum resistant Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection Lens for through-beam type

Correct use

 \bullet The sensing distances for the diffuse type fiber units are values on 500 \times 500 mm white paper.

•Install with an ambient humidity between 35 and 85%. In the case of 85% RH, the ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40°C.

Ту	pe	Features/dimensions (mm)	Sensing dis	1		Ambient	Bending radius	Model
.,			D3RF	D2RF	BRF	temperature	(mm)	model
	M4	e1.48 sleeve: 40 mm long, Free cut Detecting part detail (0.05 x 151) x 2 (Brass with nickel plating)	7-EL 140 6-UL 135 5-PL 110 4-LG 95 3-ST 65 2-FS 30 1-HS 10	Long 60 Std 35 Fast 17	30	-40 to +60°C	Fiber R1 Sleeve R10	NF-DR10 Bendable sleeve
	ø3	<i>o</i> 2 sleeve: 15 mm long, Side view, Free cut Detecting part detail <i>o</i> 2 (SUS) 1	7-EL 9-ST 53 20 6-UL 2-FS 50 12 5-PL 1-HS 43 4 4-LG 36	Long 25 Std 12 Fast 5	10	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-DR12
		Long range detection, Free cut Glass lens (BK7) $\frac{1}{9.5}$ 1.5	7-EL 1,070 6-UL 990 5-PL 880 4-LG 770 3-ST 500 2-FS 310 1-HS 90	Long 600 Std 380 Fast 200	250	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-DR09
Diffuse type	Square	Flat ON Free cut 0.5 + 2 3.5 + 2 3.5 + 2 3.5 + 2 3.5 + 1.2 + 2 0.5 + 1.2 + 2 0.5 + 1.2 + 2 0.5 + 1.2	7-EL 140 6-UL 135 5-PL 110 4-LG 99 3-ST 70 2-FS 34 1-HS 10	Long Std 60 Std 30 Fast 10 to 16	30	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-DE01
	Sqi	Flat ON, Free cut Detecting part detail Multi core fiber 00.075 x 151 1 1 1 2 2000 1 1 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	7-EL 490 6-UL 450 5-PL 400 4-LG 350 3-ST 225 2-FS 117 1-HS 41	Long 250 Std 100 Fast 60	100	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-DE03
		Head ON/Side ON switchable type Free cut 0.52 -1.05 	7-EL 160 6-UL 150 5-PL 130 4-LG 117 3-ST 77 2-PS 43 1-HS 12	Long 65 Std 35 Fast 20	30	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-DE02 Switchable direction



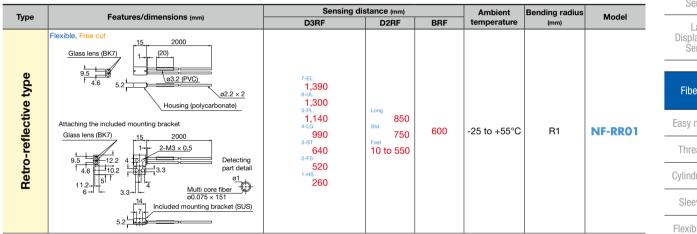
Flexible R1 mm fiber units (diffuse type)

Туре			Sensing dis	Ambient	Bending radius	Model		
тур	e	Features/dimensions (mm)	D3RF	D2RF	BRF	temperature	(mm)	wodei
niiuse iype	Square	Head ON/Side ON switchable type Detecting part detail Free cut Multi core fiber o0.075 × 151 11 2000 1 +	7-EL 480 6-UL 450 5-PL 390 4-LG 340 3-ST 225 2-FS 117 1-HS 45	Long 250 Std 120 Fast 80	100	-40 to +60°C	R1	NF-DEO4 Switchable direction

•The sensing distances for the diffuse type fiber units are values on 500 × 500 mm white paper.

●Install with an ambient humidity between 35 and 85%. In the case of 85% RH, the ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40°C.

Flexible R1 mm fiber units (retro-reflective type)



●Install with an ambient humidity between 35 and 85%. In the case of 85% RH, the ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40°C.

Flexible R1 mm fiber units (limited diffuse reflective type)

Туре	Features/dimensions (mm)	Sensing dis	Ambient	Bending radius	Model		
Type	reatures/ dimensions (mm)	D3RF	D2RF	BRF	temperature	(mm)	Model
Limited diffuse reflective type	Ultra-small, Flexible, Free cut 0.5 + 7 + 2.5 1.2 + 7.2 1.3 + 7.2 1.3 + 7.2 1.3 + 7.2 1.3 + 7.2 1.3 + 7.2 1.3 + 7.2 1.5 +	7-EL 0 to 9 6-UL 0 to 8 5-FL 0 to 7 4-L6 0 to 6 3-ST 2 to 5 2-FS 2 to 3 1-HS 1 to 2	Long 1 to 7 Std 1 to 5.5 Fast 1 to 3	3	-20 to +60°C	R1	NF-DC08

●Install with an ambient humidity between 35 and 85%. In the case of 85% RH, the ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40°C.

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Fiber Units

Easy mounting

Thread type

Cylindrical type

Sleeve type

Flexible R4/R2

Flexible R1/R2

Retro-reflective

Small object

detection

Screen/Array

Limited diffuse

Narrow view/ wafer mapping

Heat resistant

Chemical

resistant

Vacuum resistant

Liquid level/liquid leakage/

water detection

Lens for through-beam type

Correct use

OPTEX

Photoelectric Sensors

Specialized Photoelectric Sensors

Laser Displacement Sensors

Fiber Units

- Easy mounting
- Thread type
- Cylindrical type
- Sleeve type
- Flexible R4/R2
- Flexible R1/R2
- Retro-reflective
- Small object detection
- Screen/Arrav
-
- Limited diffuse Narrow view/
- wafer mapping
- Heat resistant
- Chemical resistant Vacuum resistant Liquid level/liquid leakage

Lens for through-beam type

Correct use



Mounting

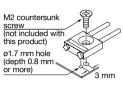
Correct use

Mounting fibers with positioning bosses

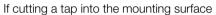
<NF-DC08>

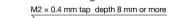
 Use an M2 countersunk screw (not included with this product).
 The positioning boss insertion holes on the bottom surface need to be ø1.7 mm and at least 0.8 mm deep.

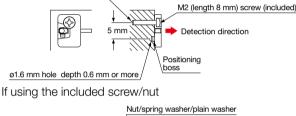
Notes for fiber sensor usage

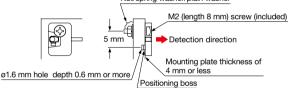


<NF-TE01/NF-DE01 (Flat ON type)>



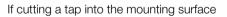


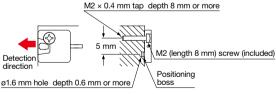




(Note 1): The above diagram shows NF-TE01. The same mounting method is used for NF-DE01. (Note 2): Through-beam type fibers have the same shape. When mounting, pay attention to the positions of the mounting screw hole and positioning boss hole.

<NF-TE02/NF-DE02 (Head ON type)>



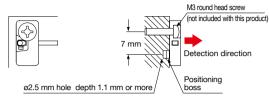






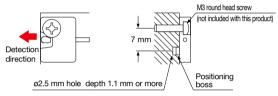
(Note 1): The above diagram shows NF-TE02. The same mounting method is used for NF-DE02. (Note 2): Through-beam type fibers have the same shape. When mounting, pay attention to the positions of the mounting screw hole and positioning boss hole.

<NF-TE03/NF-DE03 (Flat ON type)>



(Note 1): The above diagram shows NF-TE03. The same mounting method is used for NF-DE03. (Note 2): Through-beam type fibers have the same shape. When mounting, pay attention to the positions of the mounting screw hole and positioning boss hole.

<NF-TE04/NF-DE04 (Head ON type)>

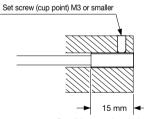


(Note 1): The above diagram shows NF-TE04. The same mounting method is used for NF-DE04. (Note 2): Through-beam type fibers have the same shape. When mounting, pay attention to the positions of the mounting screw hole and positioning boss hole.

Mounting NF-DR09/-RR01

< If not using the included mounting bracket>

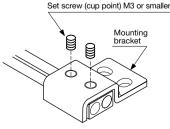
• Using a set screw (cup point of M3 or smaller), mount within 15 mm of head portion bracket edge.



Possible screw installation range

< If using the included mounting bracket>

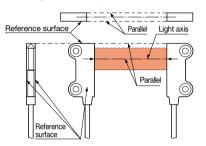
- $\cdot\,$ The head portion can be secured even without use of a set screw.
- If using a set screw, secure using a set screw with an M3 cup point.





Mounting through-beam type screen fibers (NF-TZ07/-TZ08/-TZ09/-TZ10)

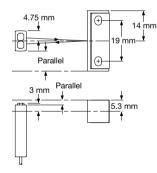
- Please be aware that because the aperture angle of this product is extremely narrow, light may not be taken in depending on installation conditions.
- When installing, determine a reference surface as shown in the diagram below while paying sufficient attention in regards to light axis shifting and slanting. Install so that emitting/receiving fibers are parallel.



Mounting NF-RB02

- Because the aperture angle of this product is extremely narrow, light may not be taken in depending on installation conditions.
- As shown in the diagram below, install so that the centers of the fiber head and reflector are aligned. Pay attention for light axis shifting and slanting.

<Side ON type/NF-RB02>



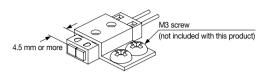
<Notes regarding NF-RB02>

• If detecting items such as transparent objects, detection may be unstable if the objects are within range of 0 to 20 mm from the window.

If mounting using the included fiber mounting bracket

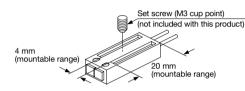
• If using the fiber mounting bracket to mount a Side ON type fiber, mount so that there is no interference with the detecting part.

- If mounting using the included fiber mounting bracket
- The fiber mounting bracket can be used to secure the fiber without use of an M3 set screw.



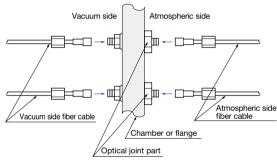
If mounting using an M3 set screw (cup point)

• Secure with an M3 set screw within the mounting range shown in the diagram below.



Mounting vacuum resistant fibers (NF-TN01/-DN01)

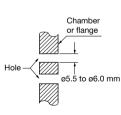
<Structure of vacuum resistant fibers>



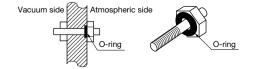
Leakage amount: 1.33 × 10⁻¹⁰ Pa·m³/s [He] or less

<Mounting>

 Drill two holes into the vacuum chamber wall (chamber or flange).
 (Note 1): Make the holes of 5.5 to of .0 mm.



 Mount the optical joint part to the vacuum chamber wall. When mounting to the vacuum chamber wall, the O-ring included with this product must be attached and the side to which it is attached must be the atmospheric side.



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Laser Displacement Sensors

Fiber Units

Easv mounting

Thread type

Cylindrical type

Sleeve type

Flexible R4/R2

Flexible R1/R2

Retro-reflective

Small object

detection

Screen/Array

Limited diffuse

Narrow view/ wafer mapping

Heat resistant

Chemical resistant

Vacuum resistant

Liquid level/liquid leakage/

water detection

through-beam type



Photoelectric Sensors

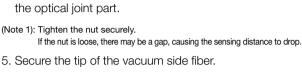
Specialized Photoelectric Sensors

Laser Displacement **Sensors**

Fiber Units

- Easy mounting Thread type Cylindrical type Sleeve type Flexible R4/R2 Flexible R1/R2 Retro-reflective Small object detection Screen/Arrav Limited diffuse Narrow view/ wafer mapping Heat resistant
- Chemical
- resistant Vacuum resistant Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection Lens for

through-beam type Correct use



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<For NF-DN01>

If using a mounting bracket

· Tighten using a set screw (cup point of M3 or smaller).

Notes for fiber sensor usage

3. Mount the atmospheric side fiber cable bracket to the

4. Mount the vacuum side fiber nut to the vacuum side of

If the nut is loose, there may be a gap, causing the sensing distance to drop.

No

atmospheric side of the optical joint part.

Correct use

(Note 1): Tighten the nut securely.

Good 🗂

the optical joint part.

· By mounting the mounting bracket to the housing, it is possible to automatically secure the head without using a set screw.

Set screw (cup point) M3 or smaller Included mounting bracket Ø

Set screw

 \Box

(cup point) M3 or smaller

15 mm

installation range

Possible screw

If not using a mounting bracket

 As shown in the diagram to the right, using a set screw (cup point of M3 or smaller). secure within 15 mm of head portion edge.

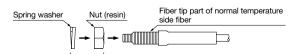
Mounting heat resistant joint fibers (NF-TH12/-TH13/-TH14/-TH15/-TH16)

<Connecting heat resistant joint fibers to Ordinary temperature side fibers>

 Use the following procedure to connect normal temperature side fibers.

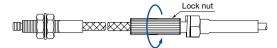
Procedure

1. Attach the plastic nut included with the heat resistant joint fiber and spring washer as far as possible on the fiber tip of the normal temperature side fiber.

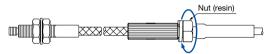


(Included with heat resistant joint fiber)

2. Mount the heat resistant joint fiber and normal temperature side fiber using a lock nut.



- (Note 1): Do not secure the lock nut using the plastic nut and spring washer from Procedure 1
- 3. To prevent the lock nut from becoming loose, secure using the plastic nut used for mounting in Procedure 1.

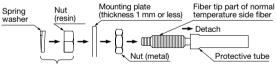


If mounting connecting parts to the mounting plate>

- · If securing parts that connect the heat resistant joint fiber and normal temperature side fiber to the mounting plate using the included metal nuts, use the procedure below.
- · The mounting plate thickness needs to be 1 mm or thinner.

Procedure

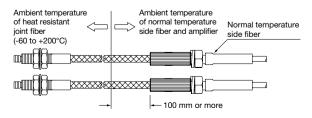
- 1. Remove the protective tube from the normal temperature side fiber, attach the included metal nut from the tip of the fiber and move it to the fiber part.
- 2. Insert the tip of the fiber into the mounting plate.
- 3. Connect the heat resistant joint fiber to the normal temperature side fiber using the same procedure from <Connecting heat resistant joint fibers to normal temperature side fibers>
- 4. Tighten the metal nut mounted in Procedure 1 to the mounting plate.



(Included with heat resistant joint fiber)

<Operating Temperature>

· In order to protect normal temperature side fibers and amplifiers, keep the heat resistant joint fiber at least 100 mm from the boundary of the normal temperature side as shown in the diagram below.



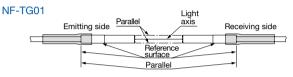


Mounting narrow view/wafer mapping fibers (NF-TG01/-TG02/-TG03/-TG04)

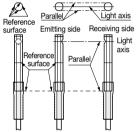
 Please be aware that because the aperture angle of this product is extremely narrow, light may not be taken in depending on installation conditions.

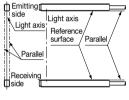
<Through-beam type>

• When installing, determine a reference surface as shown in the diagram below while paying sufficient attention in regards to light axis shifting and slanting. Install so that emitting/receiving fibers are parallel.



NF-TG02/-TG03/-TG04

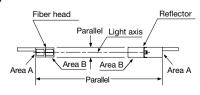




<Reflective type>

- Use the included 1.6 mm M1.4 screws to mount the fiber head and reflector to the mounting plate as shown in the diagram to the right. The mounting plate needs to have a thickness of 0.9 mm or thinner.
- Use a thread lock compound to tighten screws when mounting them in places with vibrations or shocks.
- Install the parts so that the mounting holes for the fiber head and reflector are parallel to one another and so that parts A, B and C are each parallel as shown in the diagrams below. Pay sufficient attention for light axis shifting and slanting.

<Overhead view>



M1.4 screw

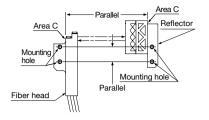
included

(length 1.6 mm)

Mounting plate

(thickness 0.9 mm or less

<Side view>

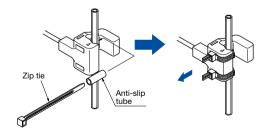


Mounting liquid leakage detection fibers (NF-DW02)

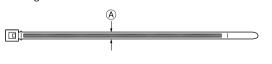
- If using an SUS mounting bracket, thread a welded M4 stud bolt through the mounting hole on the mounting bracket and attach an M4 nut (not included with this product).
- If using a PVC mounting bracket, glue it to the mounting surface so that the side with "TOP" is facing up.
 Also, weld it within the welding area as shown in the diagram to the right.
- Slide the convex portion of the mounting bracket attached to the steel case into the concave portion on the fiber until a "click" is heard.

Mounting pipe-mounted liquid level detection fibers (NF-TF01)

 Use the included zip ties and anti-slip tubes for mounting as shown in the diagram below. Also, use two zip ties on the upper and lower part to attach it securely, and cut off the any part of the zip ties that stick out.



• When additional zip ties are necessary, please use zip ties with a thickness 2.5 mm or smaller as shown by (A) in the diagram below.





Photoelectric Sensors

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Laser Displacement Sensors

Fiber Units

Concave portion Concave portion Easy mounting Thread type Cylindrical type

M4 nut

M4 stud bolt

4 mm

Welding range

TOP

11 mm

(straight type)

Sleeve type

Flexible R4/R2

Flexible R1/R2

Retro-reflective

Small object detection

Screen/Array

Limited diffuse

Narrow view/

wafer mapping Heat resistant

Chemical

resistant

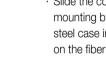
Vacuum resistant

Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection

Lens for through-beam type

Correct use

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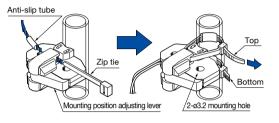
Fiber head

Reflector

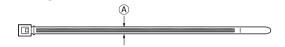
Correct use

Mounting pipe-mounted liquid level detection fibers (NF-DF04/-DF05)

• Use the included zip ties and anti-slip tubes for mounting as shown in the diagram below. When mounting the fiber, make sure that the mounting position adjusting lever is in the closed position as shown in the diagram below. Also, use two zip ties on the upper and lower part to attach it securely, and cut off the any part of the zip ties that stick out.



• When additional zip ties are necessary, please use zip ties with a thickness 2.5 mm or smaller as shown by (A) in the diagram below.



 M3 screws, plain washers and spring washers must be used when using the mounting holes.

(M3 screws, plain washers and spring washers are not included with this product.)

<Adjusting the positions of pipe-mounted liquid level detection fibers>

• The attachment position can be easily readjusted when using zip ties to mount this product.

Adjustment method

- 1. Pull the mounting position adjusting lever open in the direction of the arrow.
- 2. Push the moveable part in the direction of the arrow to loosen the zip tie, and readjust the mounting position.
- Close the mounting position adjusting lever in the direction of the arrow to return it to its original position.



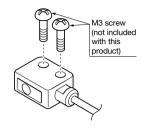




(Note 1): Sensitivity settings must be reconfigured after readjusting the mounting position. (Note 2): The positioning lever is for readjusting the mounting position on this device, not for tightening the zip ties. Tightening the zip ties while the mounting position adjusting lever is open and then closing the mounting position adjusting lever will damage the fibers.

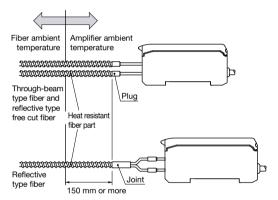
Mounting chemical resistant angled-head fibers (NF-TY05)

• Use M3 screws and tighten them to a torques of 0.3 N·m or less.



Notes regarding usage of heat resistant fibers

• In order to protect amplifiers, keep the heat resistant fiber part at least 150 mm from the boundary of the normal temperature side as shown in the diagram below.



- \cdot Do not directly expose amplifiers to radiation heat or hot air.
- The tip bracket of the heat resistant fiber (up to 350°C) and stainless steel sheath may change color when used at high temperatures, but this does not affect their detection capability.

Notes about slit masks included with NF-TZ07/-TZ08/-TZ09/-TZ10

• There are two types of slit masks included with these products (one type for NF-TZ07/-TZ08).

These slit masks can be used when detecting small objects or for preventing light saturation when using the fibers at close range. However, applying slit masks shortens the sensing distance.

Because the slit masks are of an adhesive type, when applying them to the fibers, align the slit projection with the top of the fiber as shown in the diagram on the upper right.



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Laser Displacement Sensors

Fiber Units

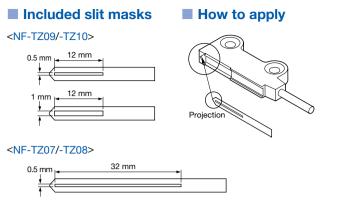
- Easy mounting Thread type
- Cylindrical type
- Sleeve type
- Flexible R4/R2
- Flexible R1/R2
- Retro-reflective
- Small object detection
- Screen/Array
- Limited diffuse Narrow view/
- wafer mapping
- Heat resistant

resistant Vacuum resistant Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection

Lens for through-beam type Correct use



E

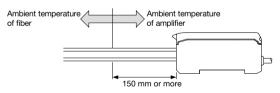


For NF-TY01(-_)/-TY02(-_)/-TY03-TF3/ -TY04/-TY05(-_)/-DY01

· Avoid use with the chemicals listed below. Chemicals that may erode PFA including fused alkali metals (sodium, potassium, lithium, etc.), fluorine gas (F2), CIF3, OF2 (including gaseous form), etc. Also, chemicals with high permeability including high temperature hydrofluoric acid, nitric acid, chlorine, etc.

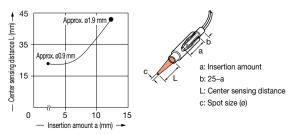
Notes regarding usage of NF-TY04/-DY01 (heat resistant type)

- · In order to protect amplifiers, keep the heat resistant fiber part at least 150 mm from the boundary of the normal temperature side as shown in the diagram on the right.
- · Do not directly expose amplifiers to radiation heat or hot air.



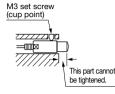
Notes regarding usage of NF-DA06

· Spot size and sensing distance can be adjusted depending on the fiber insertion amount. Be aware that if inserted too deeply, the fiber tip may become separated from the lens.



- · After setting the fiber and NF-DA06, secure using the nut included with the fiber to prevent moving caused by vibrations, etc.
- If securing NF-DA06 using a set screw, use an M3 set screw (cup point).





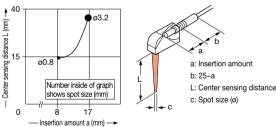
Notes regarding usage of NF-DA01/ -DA02/-DA03/-DA04/-DA05

 If inserting fibers into NF-DA01/-DA02/-DA03/ -DA04/-DA05, inserting until the fiber comes to a stop.

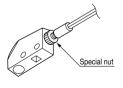


Notes regarding usage of NF-DA07

· Spot size and sensing distance can be adjusted depending on the fiber insertion amount.



· After setting the fiber and NF-DA07, secure using the special nut included with NF-DA07 to prevent moving caused by vibrations, etc.



Photoelectric Sensors

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Photoelectric Sensors

Specialized Photoelectric Sensors

Laser Displacement **Sensors**

Fiber Units

Easy mounting

Thread type

Cylindrical type

Sleeve type

Flexible R4/R2

Flexible R1/R2

Retro-reflective

Small object detection

Screen/Array

Limited diffuse

Narrow view/ wafer mapping

Heat resistant

Chemical resistant

Vacuum resistant

Liquid level/liquid leakage water detection

Lens for through-beam type

Photoelectric Sensors

Specialized Photoelectric Sensors

Laser Displacement Sensors

Fiber Units
Easy mounting
Thread type
Cylindrical type
Sleeve type
Flexible R4/R2
Flexible R1/R2
Retro-reflective
Small object detection
Screen/Array
Limited diffuse
Narrow view/ wafer mapping
Heat resistant
Chemical resistant
Vacuum resistant

Liquid level/liquid leakage/ water detection Lens for through-beam type

Correct use

Correct use

Notes regarding liquid leakage/liquid level detection/chemical resistant fibers

- Clean NF-DW02 by wiping away all liquids that have adhered to the head and mounting bracket using a soft cloth. Also pay sufficient attention to any condensation that has formed on the detecting part.
- If the tips of the NF-DW02/-TF01 fibers are too short, be aware that the correct amounts of light may not be taken in, resulting in unstable detection.
- When installing NF-DW02, be sure to use the special mounting bracket as a countermeasure to human error (improper installation, etc.) Failure to use the special bracket may result in unstable detection.
 However, if using a PVC mounting bracket on the black matte part of the housing, sensing of human error (improper installation) may not be possible. Please confirm before using.
 - When cutting the protective tubes, take care not to damage the fiber sheath.
- Perform sensitivity settings for the NF-DW02 only after any liquids have been removed, the head has been mounted to the special mounting bracket, and the fiber has been attached to the amplifier. After performing the sensitivity adjustment, changing the fiber connection or installation will result in changes in the light detection volume, causing unstable detection. Changing fiber connections or installation during cleaning, etc., will have the same results. In such cases, perform amplifier sensitivity adjustments again.
- Amounts of light may decrease during extended periods of usage under conditions with high heat or humidity.
- Be aware that instability may occur in which a long period is necessary before detection stability can be regained if liquids incompatible with the materials of which the NF-DW02 head part is made (PFA) cause air bubbles to flood the detecting part. Always confirm the liquid to be detected before use.
- When cleaning the NF-DW02 confirm that the mounting bracket shows no scratching, contamination, or deformities.
- Water droplets adhered to the window will influence detection performance. Avoid use in areas where direct contact with water could be made.
 - Also pay sufficient attention to any condensation that has formed on the pipe exterior.

- Be aware that the NF-TF01/-DF04/-DF05 may not be able detect some low-transparency liquids and highlyviscous liquids with stability.
- Incomplete pipe mounting of NF-TF01/-DF04/-DF05 may have a severe influenced on detection performance. Use the included anti-slip tubes and install the detecting part to the pipe so it does not move.
- For the NF-TF01 to detect in a stable manner, amplifier sensitivity adjustments must be performed when there is no liquid in the pipe and after the fiber has been installed.
 Also, sensitivity must be reconfigured if the fiber installation condition on the pipe is altered, or if its routing is changed.
- The NF-DF04/-DF05 cannot properly detect through opaque pipes.
- Attach the detecting part of the NF-DF04/-DF05 so it is secured to the pipe. Failure to do so will result in malfunction.
- Because the NF-DF04/-DF05 does not have a water resistant or chemical resistant structure, avoid areas where water or chemicals could come in contact.
- Because adherence of water droplets on the window of the NF-DF04/-DF05 will affect detection, pay sufficient attention to any condensation that has formed on the pipe exterior. Also be aware that water droplets formed on the inside of pipes, as well as air bubbles adhered on the inside will affect detection.

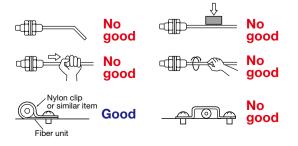
General notes

Regarding fiber units

1. Do not hit or damage the detection head surface.



2. Do not bend or apply excessive force to the fiber.

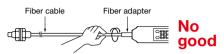




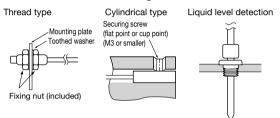
 Do not apply excessive torque to the sensor head or use tools that do not match the nuts.



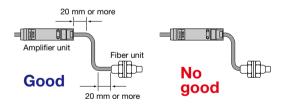
4. Do not twist in the gaps between the fiber cable and fiber adapter.



5. Depending on the bore shape of the sensor head, mount as shown in the diagrams below.

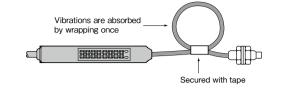


- 6. In the case of fibers that can be free cut, cut the tip with special fiber cutters before mounting to the fiber amplifier.
- 7. The fiber unit bending radius should be greater than the allowable bending radius. Excessive bending will shorted the sensing distance.
- 8. Allow for some wire to remain straight near the insertion and tip parts of the fiber unit.

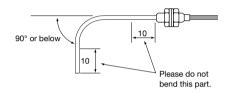


- Because sensing distance may decrease by as much as 20% depending on the conditions of cut surface of the fiber or connection conditions with the amplifier, we recommend using with sensing distance set at 80% or below.
- In areas subject to frequent vibration, secure so that the fiber unit itself will not vibrate. Especially work to limit vibrations from reaching connection points between the fiber and amplifier.

11. Use the method shown below to soften fiber head vibrations.



- 12. Do not use fiber units not protected with fluoroplastic in environments where organic solvents are used.
- 13. Do not bend the sleeve tip or base.

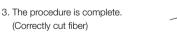


Regarding fiber cutters

Cutting procedure

- Adjust the length in the direction of the arrow, turn the stopper and lock the fiber in place.
- Insert the fiber into the fiber cutter and cut it.





Approx. 0.5 mm

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Photoelectric Sensors

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Laser Displacement Sensors

Fiber Units

Easy mounting

Thread type

Cylindrical type

Sleeve type

Flexible R4/R2

Flexible R1/R2

Retro-reflective

Small object detection

Screen/Array

Limited diffuse

Narrow view/ wafer mapping

Heat resistant

Chemical resistant Vacuum

resistant

water detection

Lens for through-beam type

