High-performance multi laser displacement sensor

CD5 series

# Next level integration of accuracy, stability, and operability

- Highest-in-class repeat accuracy and linearity
- Measurement is possible using only the sensor head
- Control unit for use with Mitsubishi Electric PLC is available



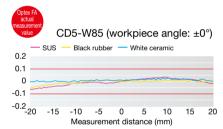






### Featuring superb linearity of ±0.05% F.S.\*

Can be used to perform stable measurement of various types of workpieces.

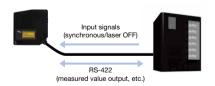


\*Values in diffuse mode of CD5-W85 Refer to page 506 for measurement conditions, etc.

### Ultra high accuracy

# Highest-in-class repeat accuracy and linearity

Superb linearity of  $\pm 0.05\%$  F.S.\* (catalog specifications, target workpiece: white ceramic). CD5 series also can be used on materials for which stable measurement can be difficult such as SUS and black rubber, and provide a smooth linearity curve.



### First-in-class

## Measurement is possible using only the sensor head



The sensor head features a built-in displacement measurement function. Measured value output by way of RS-422, as well as laser OFF input/synchronous input can be controlled without use of an amplifier unit.



### Partner product

### Direct connection to Mitsubishi Electric PLCs

Displacement sensor control unit UQ1-01

A control unit for use with CD5 series displacement sensors that performs automatic recognition just by being connected to a MELSEC-Q series base unit has been newly developed. This is a revolutionary product that can be set up by anyone and which features high-speed data processing and a low cost.

UQ1-01 description • P.518



Photoelectric

Sensors

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Sensors

CDX

CDA

LS

CD22

CD4

UQ1-01

UQ1-02

CD5-L25A (Narrow spot type) CD5-LW25A

(Wide spot type)

Specular reflection type



CD5-30A (Narrow spot type)

CD5-W30A (Wide spot type)

Switchable between diffuse-reflective/specular modes



CD5-85 (Narrow spot type) CD5-W85

(Wide spot type)
Switchable between diffuse-reflective/ specular modes



CD5-150 (Narrow spot type) CD5-W150

(Wide spot type)

Diffuse-reflective type



CD5-W350 (Wide spot type)

Diffuse-reflective type



CD5-W500 (Wide spot type)

Diffuse-reflective type



CD5-W2000 (Wide spot type)

Diffuse-reflective type



Transparent object/specular object measurement

Measurement of glass thickness is possible!

Measurement range:  $25\pm1~mm$  Repeat accuracy:  $0.37~\mu m$  Linearity:  $\pm0.08\%~F.S.$ 



Glass thickness measurement

### Short range

Five times the repeat accuracy of conventional products!

Measurement range: 30 ±5 mm Repeat accuracy: 0.46 um

Linearity:  $\pm 0.08\%$  F.S.

Specular mode 26.1 ±2.5 mm

0.23 μm



Diffuse mode Substrate warpage measurement

> specular mode Dispenser nozzle height control

### Middle range

Featuring best-in-class linearity!

Diffuse mode Measurement range:  $85\pm20~\text{mm}$ 

1 um

Repeat accuracy: Linearity:

 $\pm 0.05\%$  F.S.  $\pm 0.08\%$  F.S

Specular mode  $82.3 \pm 10 \text{ mm}$   $0.5 \mu\text{m}$ 



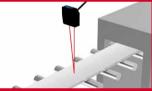
Diffuse mode
Measurement
of sealant
application
amount
Specular mode
Measurement
of solar cell
substrate
thickness

### Semi-long range

Achieves high-accuracy measurement even at middle and long ranges!

Measurement range: 150 ±40 mm

Repeat accuracy:  $2 \mu m$  Linearity:  $\pm 0.05\%$  F.S.



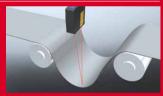
Aluminum material thickness measurement

### Long range

Wide spot type that provides highly accurate and stable measurement!

Measurement range:  $350 \pm 100 \text{ mm}$ 

Repeat accuracy:  $5~\mu m$  Linearity:  $\pm 0.08\%~F.S.$ 



Slackness control of sheet materials

### Super long range

Featuring top class accuracy even at long ranges!

Measurement range:  $500 \pm \! 200 \; mm$ 

Repeat accuracy:  $10 \mu m$ Linearity:  $\pm 0.08\%$  F.S.



Steel plate tilt measurement

### **Ultra long range**

Featuring ultra long distance measurement with a longest-in-industry range of 2000 mm!

Measurement range:  $2000 \pm 500 \text{ mm}$ Repeat accuracy:  $30 \mu \text{m}$ 

Linearity:  $\pm 0.1\%$  F.S.





Laser Displacement Sensors

Highperformance Multi

CDX

CDA

LS

CD33

CD4

CD5

UQ1-01

UQ1-02

# Achieving measurement stability through the newly developed "Tri-CORE" Technology



High resolution electric shutter

Employs an original algorithm

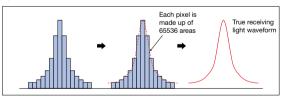
The highly reliable Tri-CORE engine was developed to overcome the flaws of optical displacement sensors. Thanks to its Triple Compensation & Optimization technology, the causes of all measurement errors have been eliminated, including for workpieces in which high-accuracy measurement has been difficult, such as metallic workpieces, semi-transparent workpieces, and black rubber workpieces.

Tri-CORE: Triple Compensation and Optimization by Reliable Engine

### Employs digital sub-pixel processing

# Newly developed True receiving light waveform recognition

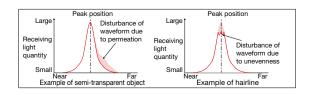
Digital sub-pixel processing that performs recognition with 65536 areas per pixel is newly employed. By obtaining a true receiving light waveform, a linearity that is up to twice that of conventional models can be achieved.



For objects with uneven surfaces, colors, and glossy or matte surfaces

### Newly developed Original algorithm

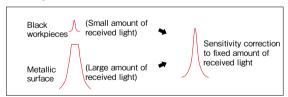
This unique algorithm consistently identifies true peak position even in the case of receiving light waveforms that are stretched to the far side such as in the case of semi-transparent objects, as well as near-peak received light waveforms that become disturbed due to hairline.



### Thanks to high resolution electric shutter

# Newly designed Automatic level correction

In addition to featuring electric shutter control with a sampling period of 1/485, receiving light waveforms of a fixed height can be obtained for almost any targets, resulting in a reduction of errors between materials.

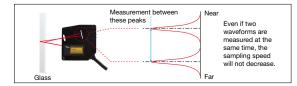


### By one sensor head

# Newly designed Reliable glass thickness measurement

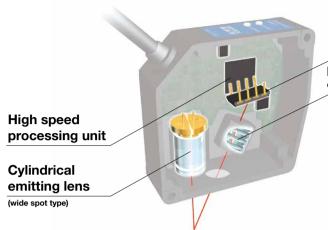
(In specular mode of CD5-L□25 and CD5-□30/-□85)

Using one sensor head, it can provide highly accurate and stable measurement of glass thickness by simultaneously measuring the front and rear surfaces.





# Newly developed sensor head specially designed for high-accuracy measurement



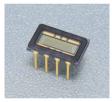
High sensitivity linear image sensor

High-accuracy receiving lens "Multi-CLD"

Next level balance between accuracy, speed and sensitivity

# Newly developed High sensitivity linear image sensor

A high sensitivity linear image sensor is employed to capture reflected light from workpieces both with high levels of speed and accuracy. It features 5 times improved accuracy and 10 times increased speed when compared to conventional models.



### Processing measurement results with high levels of speed and accuracy

### Ultra high-speed High speed processing unit

A high speed processing unit for CD5 series models embedded within the sensor. This enables data obtained from the linear image sensor to be instantaneously corrected and optimized before being output as measured values. With this, we have succeeded in enabling highly reliable measurement results to be obtained with both high levels of speed and accuracy.

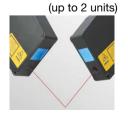


### Eliminates malfunctions even when spot light overlaps

### Industry first Cross-talk prevention

Cross-talk prevention enables stable measurements to be performed with high accuracy even if spot light overlaps or sensors are close together. Measurements can be performed correctly even for small warpage and tilting of workpieces.

Note: Sampling period will be six times longer.



### Low light aberration

### Newly developed "Multi-CLD" lens

The high-accuracy Multi-CLD receiving lens forms highly accurate images from reflected light using a linear image sensor. Using advanced focusing technology in which a camera is also employed, spot distortion caused by errors is significantly reduced.

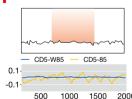
Multi-CLD: Multi-Combined Low Dispersion



### **Enhanced moving resolution**

### Newly designed Wide type

A spot light wide-type that doesn't rely on the surface of measurement targets is now available (CD5-W□□). By the results averaged in the widebeam, influences from unevenness are eliminated and highly accurate and stable measurements can be performed.



### Even in water-filled areas

# Newly designed Featuring IP67 level water-resistance

These sensor heads feature a degree of protection on IP67. This means that they can be used without worry in factories or with devices in which contact with water occurs. Extension cables and connectors also feature a IP67 protection, meaning additional countermeasures for water resistance are not required.



Note: Water or oil that adhere to the optical surface could cause light to refract and prevent measurements from being performed correctly.



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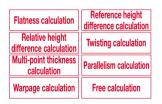
# All-in-one amplifier unit featuring both usability and visibility

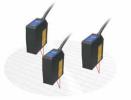


### High-speed multi-point measurements using one amplifier unit

### Industry first 3ch multi-calculation function

Up to three sensor heads can be connected to one amplifier unit. By sending measurement data at high speeds, multi-point measurements such as for thickness, height difference and parallelism can be performed using one amplifier unit.





### Can be used on various types of production lines

### Newly designed 16ch bank function

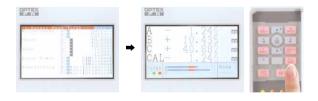
This series is equipped with a 16ch bank function that communicates using through amplifier unit button operation or RS-232C, and that can have its setting switched (recall) to receive external signals from PLC, etc. This eliminates time wasted when changing setup of multi-product lines.



### Easy setup

### Newly designed Setting wizard

Setup of basic sensor head parameters and calibration can be performed easily and interactively using the numeric keypad and display.

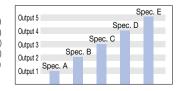


### Convenient for sorting of workpieces with various sizes

### Newly designed Five comparator outputs

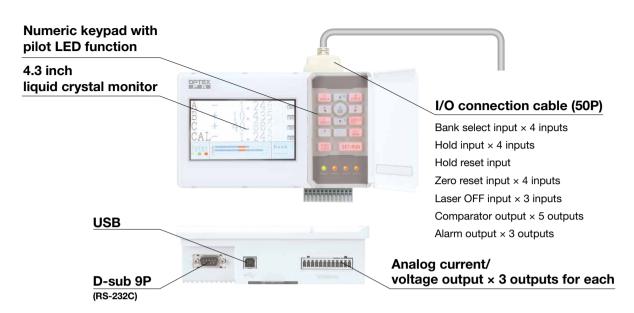
These models are equipped with five comparator units for which setting of upper and lower limits is possible. This is an extremely convenient function for sorting workpieces of various sizes or identifying various types of workpieces.

Setting example
Output 1 = 0.9 to 1.1 mm (Spec. A)
Output 2 = 1.9 to 2.1 mm (Spec. B)
Output 3 = 2.9 to 3.1 mm (Spec. C)
Output 4 = 3.9 to 4.1 mm (Spec. D)
Output 5 = 4.9 to 5.1 mm (Spec. D)





# Multiple interface function with excellent expandability to PCs or PLC connections



### Further extend cost savings

# Industry first Up to three sensor heads can be connected

Up to three sensor heads can be connected to one amplifier unit. This eliminates the need to purchase more amplifier units when increasing the number of sensor heads and further extends cost savings.



### Assists in operations such as setup

# Industry first Numeric keypad with pilot LED function

These models are equipped with Optex FA's original numeric keypad with pilot LED function. With lights that guide every time buttons are pressed during operation, even inexperienced users can perform operations easily.



### Easy remote operation from PCs

# Newly designed Standard-equipped with a USB port

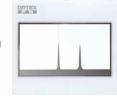
These amplifier units are equipped with a USB port that enables remote operation using a PC. And, because a COM port is also equipped, connection to PCs and PLC, etc., is also possible.



### Checking of waveforms without a PC or external monitor

# Industry first Receiving light waveform monitoring function

These models are equipped with a receiving light waveform monitoring function that can detect whether lasers are emitting light to the workpieces at the optimal angle. Fine light axis adjustments can also be performed quickly and easily.



### Operations by one amplifier unit even for remote lines

### **Extendable up to 50 m**

Extensions of up to 50 m in length are possible between sensor heads and the amplifier unit (longest in class). This means that unified operations can be performed even for remote lines using one amplifier unit. \_\_



### Suitable for a wide range of needs

# Newly designed All sensor head types can be connected mixed

Any type of sensor heads can be connected to the amplifier unit. This means that thickness measurements can be performed on the workpiece by short-range heads while deflection measurements are performed by long-range heads. Also, sampling speed will not decrease even if three sensor heads are connected.



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001 01



Laser Displacement Sensors

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CDA LS

CD22

CD33

CD4

CD5

UQ1-01

UQ1-02

### Selection table

### Sensor head

Тур	Э	Measurement range	Repeat accuracy	Linearity	Light source (JIS laser class)	Model
Transparent object/ specular object	Narrow	25 ±1 mm	0.37 µm	±0.08% F.S.	Red semiconductor laser	CD5-L25A
measurement	Wide				(Class 1)	CD5-LW25A
Short range	Narrow	25 mm 30 mm 35 mm 23.6 mm 26.1 mm 28.6 mm 26.1 ±2.5 mm	Diffuse mode 0.46 µm	±0.08%	Red semiconductor	CD5-30A
Shortrange	Wide	Diffuse mode Specular mode	Specular mode 0.23 µm	F.S.	laser (Class 2)	CD5-W30A
Middle	Narrow	65 mm 85 mm 105 mm 72.3 mm 82.3 mm 92.3 mm 82.3 ±10 mm	Diffuse mode	Diffuse mode ±0.05% F.S.	Red semiconductor	CD5-85
range	Wide	Diffuse mode Specular mode	Specular mode 0.5 µm	Specular mode ±0.08% F.S.	laser (Class 2)	CD5-W85
Semi-long	Narrow	110 mm 150 mm 190 mm	0	±0.05%	Red semiconductor	CD5-150
range	Wide	150 ±40 mm	2 μm	F.S.	laser (Class 2)	CD5-W150
Long range	Wide	250 mm 350 mm 450 mm 350 ±100 mm	5 µm	±0.08% F.S.	Red semiconductor laser (Class 2)	CD5-W350
Super long range	Wide	300 mm 500 mm 700 mm 500 ±200 mm	10 µm	±0.08% F.S.	Red semiconductor laser (Class 2)	CD5-W500
Ultra long range	Wide	1500 mm 2000 mm 2500 mm	30 µm	±0.1% F.S.	Red semiconductor laser (Class 3R)	CD5-W2000

### Amplifier unit

Туре		Features	No. of connectable sensor heads	Interface	Input/output	Model
Amplifier unit for	101	4.3 inch TFT liquid crystal monitor		Analog output Various inputs	NPN	CD5A-N
CD5		+ numeric keypad	Max. 3 units	RS-232C USB	PNP	CD5A-P

### Displacement sensor control unit

Туре	Features	No. of connectable sensor heads	Model
Displacement sensor control unit  Description • P.518	Control unit for connecting CD5 directly to MELSEC-Q series *Please use DOL-1212-G□□M for connecting to sensor heads.	Max. 2 units	UQ1-01

### Options

Туре	Specifications		Model
		2 m long	DSL-1212-G02M
Extension cable	Specialized extension cable for connecting sensor heads and amplifier units	5 m long	DSL-1212-G05M
Extension cable	Can be extended up to 50 m by connecting multiple cables Robot cable specification	10 m long	DSL-1212-G10M
		20 m long	DSL-1212-G20M
		5 m long	DOL-1212-G05M
Sensor head cable	Specialized cable for when using only sensor heads or UQ1-01 Robot cable specification	10 m long	DOL-1212-G10M
		20 m long	DOL-1212-G20M
I/O connection cable	IEEE1284 Half-pitch 50P	3 m long	IO-EXP-AOD5



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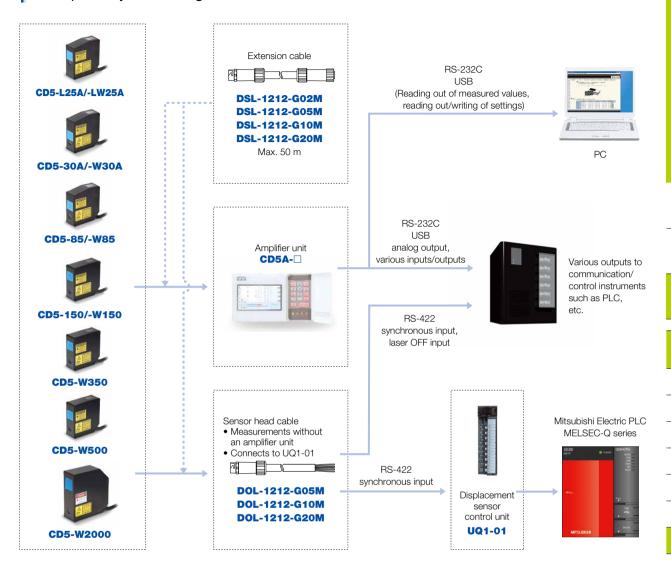
CDA

LS

CD4

UQ1-01

UQ1-02



■ Regarding applicability of Export Trade Control Order enacted by Japanese government for the CD5 series

Caution

CD5 series sensor heads are products that are subject to "Export Trade Control Order Appended Table 1 2-(12) Measurement devices (including machine tools with a measurement function)". Please inquire for details.

Model	Measurement mode	Resolution
CD5-L25, CD5-LW25	-	0.02 μm
CD5-30,	Diffuse mode	0.2 μm
CD5-W30	Specular mode	0.1 µm

### Additional information

There is no differentiation for the applicability of CD5 series amplifier units and the resolution outputted from amplifiers connected to sensor heads is regulated as shown in the table to the left even if the average number of cycles is increased.

### Attention: Not to be Used for Personnel Protection.

Never use these products as sensing devices for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death.

These sensors do not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow their use in personnel safety applications.

A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.

Please consult our distributors about safety products which meet OSHA, ANSI and IEC standards for personnel protection.



CD4

UQ1-01

UQ1-02

### **Specifications**

■ Sensor head: Model based specifications

Model		CD5-L25A	CD5-LW25A	CD5-30A		CD5-\	W30A
Optical metho	od/mode	Specular	reflection	Diffuse mode	Specular mode	Diffuse mode	Specular mode
Center of measu	rement range	25 r	nm	30 mm	26.1 mm	30 mm	26.1 mm
Measurement	t range	±1 r	mm	±5 mm	±2.5 mm	±5 mm	±2.5 mm
	Medium			Red semicor	nductor laser		
Light source	Wavelength		650	nm		658	nm
	Max.output	t 390 μW		1 mW			
Laser class	IEC/JIS	Class 1		Class 2			
Laser class	FDA			Class II			
Spot size <sup>*1</sup>		Approx. 25 × 35 µm	Approx. 100 × 700 μm	Approx. 30 × 100 μm		Approx. 260 × 1000 μm	
Linearity <sup>2</sup>		±0.08% F.S. (F.S. = 2 mm)		±0.08% F.S. (F.S. = 10 mm)	±0.08% F.S. (F.S. = 5 mm)	±0.08% F.S. (F.S. = 10 mm)	±0.08% F.S. (F.S. = 5 mm)
Repeat accur	ıracy <sup>-2</sup> 0.37 μm		0.46 μm	0.23 μm	0.46 μm	0.23 µm	
Sampling period <sup>*3</sup>		100 μs / 200 μs / 400 μs / 800 μs / 1600 μs / 3200 μs / AUTO					
Temperature drift <sup>*4</sup>		±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S. = 2 mm)	±0.05% F.S./°C (F.S. = 2 mm)	±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S. = 10 mm)	±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S. = 5 mm)	±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S. = 10 mm)	±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S. = 5 mm)
Weight			Аррг	ox. 250 g (including	500 mm connector c	able)	

Model CD5-85		CD5-	W85	CD5-150	CD5-W150		
Optical metho	od/mode	Diffuse mode	Specular mode	Diffuse mode	Specular mode	Diffuse reflection	
Center of measu	rement range	85 mm	82.3 mm	85 mm	82.3 mm	150	mm
Measuremen	t range	±20 mm	±10 mm	±20 mm	±10 mm	±40	mm
	Medium			Red semicor	nductor laser		
Light source	Wavelength	650	nm	658	nm	650 nm	658 nm
	Max.output	1 mW					
Laser class	IEC/JIS	Class 2					
Laser Class	FDA	Class II					
Spot size <sup>*1</sup>		Арргох. 70 × 290 µm Арргох. 260 × 1200 µm Арргох. ø180 µm Арргох. 3		Approx. 330 × 1600 μm			
Linearity*2		±0.05% F.S. (F.S.= 40 mm)	±0.08% F.S. (F.S. = 20 mm)	±0.05% F.S. (F.S.= 40 mm)	±0.08% F.S. (F.S. = 20 mm)	±0.05 (F.S. =	% F.S. 80 mm)
Repeat accuracy <sup>2</sup>		1 µm	0.5 μm	1 µm	0.5 μm	2 μm	
Sampling period <sup>3</sup>		100 μs / 200 μs / 400 μs / 800 μs / 1600 μs / 3200 μs / ΑUTO					
Temperature drift <sup>*4</sup>		±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S.= 40 mm)	±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S. = 20 mm)	±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S.= 40 mm)	±0.01% F.S./°C (F.S. = 20 mm)		F.S./°C 80 mm)
Weight			App	rox. 250 g (including	500 mm connector c	able)	

Mod	lel	CD5-W350	CD5-W500	CD5-W2000
Optical metho	od/mode			
Center of measu	rement range	350 mm	500 mm	2000 mm
Measurement	t range	±100 mm	±200 mm	±500 mm
	Medium		Red semiconductor laser	
Light source	Wavelength		658 nm	
	Max.output	1 n	5 mW	
L agay alaga	IEC/JIS	Class 2		Class 3R
Laser class	FDA	Clas	Class IIIa	
Spot size <sup>*1</sup>		Approx. 700 × 2400 μm	Approx. 1000 × 3700 μm	Approx. 2100 × 7800 μm
Linearity*2		±0.08% F.S.	±0.08% F.S.	±0.1% F.S.
Linearity -		(F.S. = 200  mm)	(F.S. = 400 mm)	(F.S. = 1000 mm)
Repeat accuracy <sup>2</sup>		5 μm	5 μm 10 μm	
Sampling period <sup>3</sup>		100 µs / 2	us / AUTO	
Temperature drift <sup>*4</sup>		±0.01% F.S./°C	±0.01% F.S./°C	±0.05% F.S./°C
		(F.S. = 200 mm)	(F.S. = 400 mm)	(F.S. = 1000 mm)
Weight		Approx. 250 g (including	500 mm connector cable)	Approx. 450 g (including 500 mm connector cable)

The measurement conditions are as follows unless otherwise designated: specialized amplifier unit connected, Ambient temperature: 23°C (normal temperature), Supply voltage: 24 VDC, Sampling period: 100 µs (800 µs for CD5-W350/-W500/-W2000 models), Average number of times: 256, Center of measurement range, Measurement target (specular reflection/specular mode: aluminum deposition mirror, diffuse reflection/diffuse mode: white ceramic), digitally measured values.

\*1 Defined with center strength 1/e² (13.5%) at the center of measurement range. There may be leak light other than the specified spot size. The sensor may be affected when there is a birthy reflection of the detaction of the detaction of the sensor may be affected when there is a birthy reflection of the detaction of t



there is a highly reflective object close to the detection area.

<sup>\*2</sup> With an average of 4096 times. Other conditions are the same as the <Measurement conditions> shown above.

 $<sup>^*3</sup>$  The factory setting is 100  $\mu$ s for CD5-L(W)25/-(W)30/-(W)85/-(W)150, and 800  $\mu$ s for CD5-W350/-W500/-W2000.  $^*4$  Typical examples under the <Measurement conditions> shown above.

Supply voltage	12 to 24 VDC ±10% or power supplied from a CD5A-□ amplifier unit
Current consumption	45 mA or less (at 24 VDC)
Serial interface	RS-422 9.6 k to 1843.2 kbps
Indicators	Laser emission indicator: Green (lights up during laser OFF) Measurement range indicator: Orange (ON when near the measurement center) Red (ON when at the near distance side of inside the measurement range) Green (ON when at the far distance side of inside the measurement range) Red/green alternating (alternated lighting occurs when outside the measurement range or when measurement is not possible)
Degree of protection	IP67 (including connector)
Ambient temperature	-10 to +50°C (no freezing or condensation) / when stored: -20 to +60°C
Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH / when stored: 35 to 85% RH
Ambient illuminance	3,000 lx or less (light receiving surface illuminance with incandescent lamp)
Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz; double amplitude 1.5 mm; 2 hours in each of the X, Y, and Z directions
Shock resistance	Approx. 50 G (500 m/s²), 3 times in each of the X, Y, and Z directions
Applicable regulations	EMC directive (2004/108/EC) / FDA regulations (21 CFR 1040.10)
Applicable standards	EN 60947-5-7
Warm-up time	Approx. 30 minutes
Material	Housing: Aluminum die-cast, Emitting/receiving part cover: Glass
Cable extension	Up to 50 m using an optional extension cable (not included)

<sup>\*</sup>If using sensor heads without a amplifier unit, this will always be set to 9.6 kbps when power is on. Also, the relationship between sampling periods and the baud rate at which all measurement data can be sent without loss is as follows. 100  $\mu$ s: 921.6 kbps, 200  $\mu$ s: 460.8 kbps, 400  $\mu$ s: 230.4 kbps, 800  $\mu$ s: 115.2 kbps, 1600  $\mu$ s: 57.6 kbps, 3200  $\mu$ s: 38.4 kbps

### Amplifier unit

Model	CD5A-N	CD5A-P			
No. of connectable sensor heads	Max. 3 units				
Supply voltage	12 to 24 V	/DC ±10%			
Current consumption	350 mA/24 V (includes analog current outpo	ut when three sensor heads are connected)			
Temperature drift	±0.01%	F.S./°C			
Serial interface	RS-232	PC/USB			
Analog output	Voltage output: ±10 V/F.S. (output impedance: 100Ω), Curr	ent output: 4 to 20 mA/F.S. (load impedance 300 Ω or less)			
Alarm output	NPN open collector	PNP open collector			
Alami output	Max. 100 mA/24 VDC (residual voltage of Max. 1.8 V)	ON when sensor head measurement is not possible			
Control output	NPN open collector	PNP open collector			
Control output	Max. 100 mA/24 VDC (residual voltage of Max. 1.8 V)	HI/LO settings possible, hysteresis settings possible			
Bank input	ON when connected to ground	ON when connected to 12 to 24 V			
Darik iriput	16 bank selectable				
Hold input	ON when connected to ground	ON when connected to 12 to 24 V			
riola iriput	Measured value hold (set using menu)				
Zero reset input	ON when connected to ground	ON when connected to 12 to 24 V			
Zero reset iriput	Zero resetting possible for sensor head A measured value / sensor head	B measured value / sensor head C measured value / calculated values			
Laser OFF input	ON when connected to ground	ON when connected to 12 to 24 V			
Laser Of Filiput	Turning off is possible for las	ers of sensor heads A / B / C			
Display method	Liquid-crys	stal display			
Degree of protection	IP:	20			
Ambient temperature	-10 to +45°C (no freezing or conder	nsation) / when stored: -20 to +60°C			
Ambient humidity	35 to 85% RH / when stored: 35 to 85% RH				
Vibration resistance	10 to 55 Hz; double amplitude 1.5 mm; 2 hours in each of the X, Y, and Z directions				
Shock resistance	Approx. 20 G (196 m/s²), 3 times in each of the X, Y, and Z directions				
Applicable regulations	EMC directive (2004/108/EC)				
Applicable standards	EN 60947-5-7				
Material	Housing: Polycarbonate	Terminal block: Nylon 66			
Weight	Approx. 550 g (inclu	iding terminal block)			
Amplifier unit sub-		calculation settings, various hold settings, filter settings, bank settings,			
functions	RS-232C settings, memory copy function, measured value displayed digit settings, display brightness settings, key illumination settings				

<sup>●</sup> Added CD5-150/-W150 sensor head models can be used with CD5A-□ Hardware Ver.1.7 and Software Ver.4.3 or later. Please inquire when using an earlier version of CD5A-□.

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LS CD22

CD33

CD4

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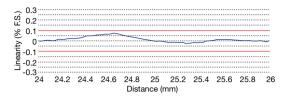
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### Linearity

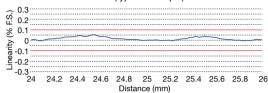
### **CD5-L25A**

Material characteristic: Mirror (typical example)



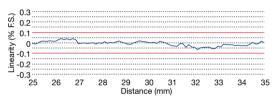
### CD5-LW25A

Material characteristic: Mirror (typical example)



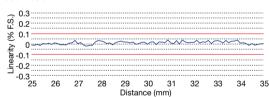
### **CD5-30A**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example) Diffuse mode



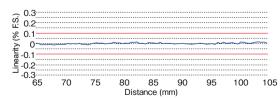
### **CD5-W30A**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example) Diffuse mode



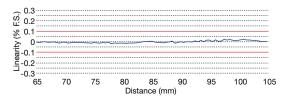
### **CD5-85**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example) Diffuse mode

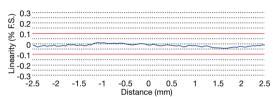


### **CD5-W85**

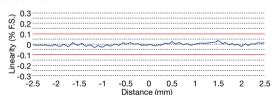
Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example) Diffuse mode



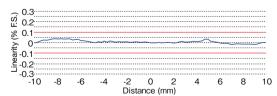
Material characteristic: Mirror (typical example) Specular mode



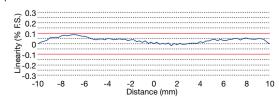
Material characteristic: Mirror (typical example) Specular mode



Material characteristic: Mirror (typical example) Specular mode



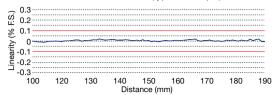
Material characteristic: Mirror (typical example) Specular mode





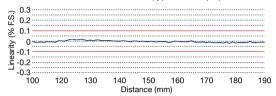
### **CD5-150**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example)



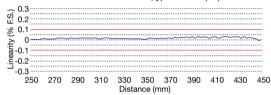
### **CD5-W150**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example)



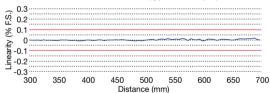
### **CD5-W350**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example)



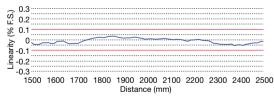
### **CD5-W500**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example)



### **CD5-W2000**

Material characteristic: White ceramic (typical example)



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CD33

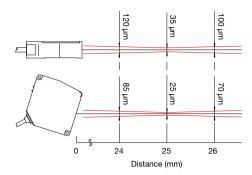
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CD5

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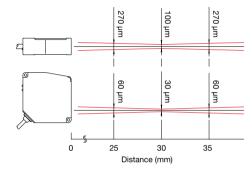
UQ1-02

### CD5-L25A CD5-LW25A

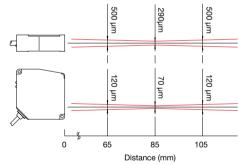


### **CD5-30A**

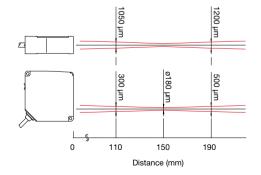
Spot size



### **CD5-85**



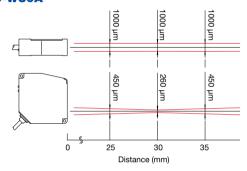
### **CD5-150**



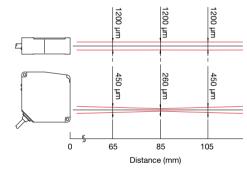
### 

Distance (mm)

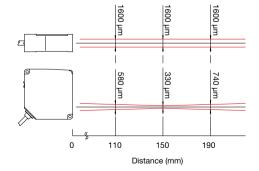
### **CD5-W30A**



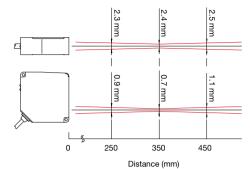
### **CD5-W85**



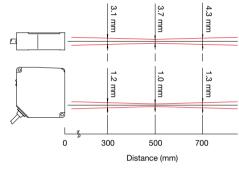
### **CD5-W150**



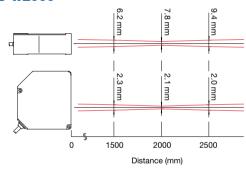
### CD5-W350



### **CD5-W500**



### **CD5-W2000**



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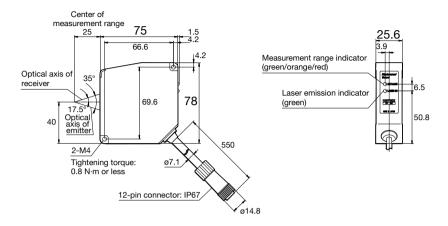
UQ1-01

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Dimensions (Unit: mm)

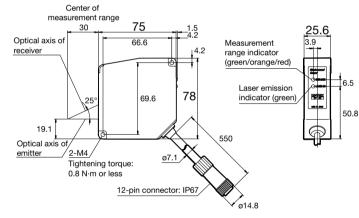
Sensor head

### CD5-L25A/-LW25A

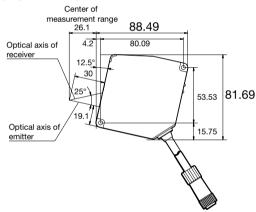


### CD5-30A/-W30A

(in diffuse mode)

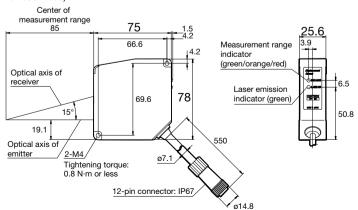


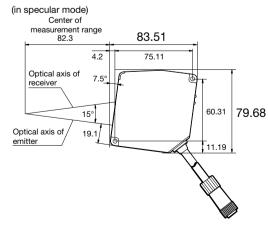
(in specular mode)



### CD5-85/-W85

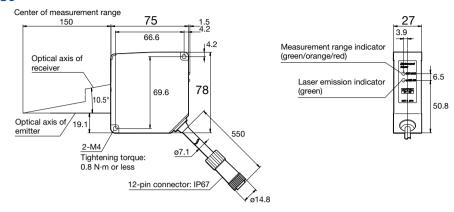
(in diffuse mode)



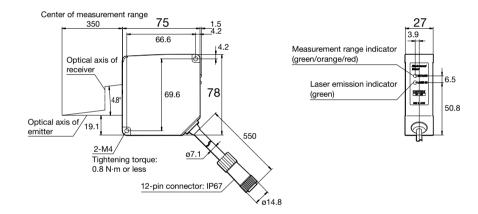




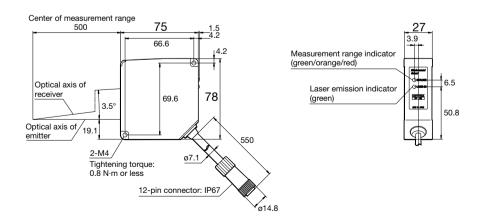
### CD5-150/-W150



### **CD5-W350**



### **CD5-W500**



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Sensor head

Dimensions

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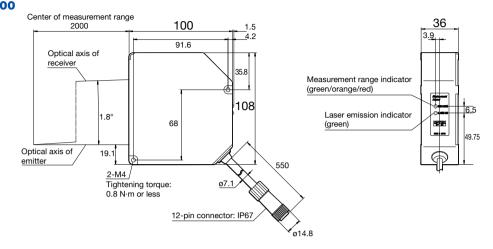
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CD33

CD4

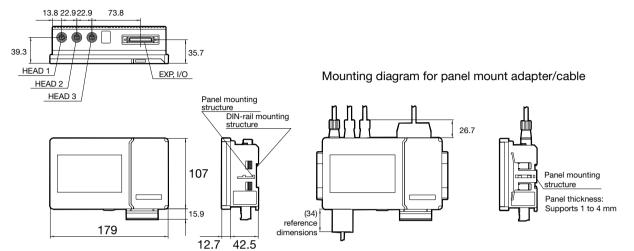
UQ1-01 UQ1-02 **CD5-W2000** 

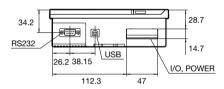


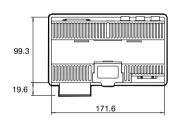


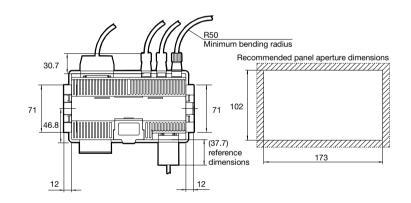
### Amplifier unit

### CD5A-□

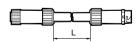






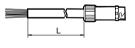


## Extension cable between sensor head and amplifier unit



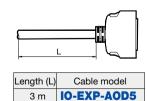
Length (L)	Cable model
2 m	DSL-1212-G02M
5 m	DSL-1212-G05M
10 m	DSL-1212-G10M
20 m	DSL-1212-G20M

### Sensor head cable



Length (L)	Cable model
5 m	DOL-1212-G05M
10 m	DOL-1212-G10M
20 m	DOL-1212-G20M

### I/O connection cable



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CD33

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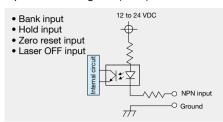
CD5

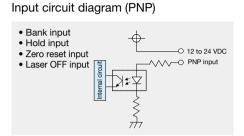
UQ1-01

UQ1-02

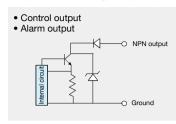
### I/O circuit diagram and connections

### Input circuit diagram (NPN)

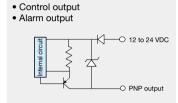




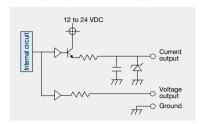
### Output circuit diagram (NPN)



### Output circuit diagram (PNP)



### Analog output circuit diagram



### 12-pin I/O terminal pin assignment

P1 [V]—	: Port 1 analog voltage output
GND-	: Ground
P2 [V]—	: Port 2 analog voltage output
GND-	: Ground
P3 [V]—	: Port 3 analog voltage output
P1 [mA]—	: Port 1 analog current output
GND-	: Ground
P2 [mA]—	: Port 2 analog current output
GND-	: Ground
P3 [mA]—	: Port 3 analog current output
0 V GND	: 0 V (common for all grounds)
24 V—	: 12 to 24 VDC (±10%)

<sup>\*</sup>All grounds are connected internally.

### Sensor head cable wiring (DOL-1212-G□□M)

Lead wire color	Description		
Brown	12 to 24 VDC (±10%)		
Blue	0 V		
Black (narrow)	RS-422 Received data RxD+		
Orange	RS-422 Received data RxD-		
Red	RS-422 Reply data TxD+		
Yellow	RS-422 Reply data TxD-		
White	Laser OFF input		
Gray	Synchronous input		
Black (wide)	Shield (connected to 0 V)		

### 50-pin I/O terminal pin assignment

No.	Description	
1	Bank select 0 input	
2	Bank select 1 input	
3	Bank select 2 input	
4	Bank select 3 input	
5	Hold A input (for Head A)	
6	Hold B input (for Head B)	
7	Hold C input (for Head C)	
8	Hold CAL input (for calculation results)	
9	Hold reset input (common)	
10	Zero reset A input (for Head A)	
11	Zero reset B input (for Head B)	
12	Zero reset C input (for Head C)	
13	Zero reset CAL input (for calculation results)	
14	Laser OFF A input (for Head A)	
15	Laser OFF B input (for Head B)	
16	Laser OFF C input (for Head C)	
17 to 22	_	
23	COM terminal (24 V output)	
24	_	
25	COM terminal (0 V output)	
26	Alarm output A (for Head A)	
27	Alarm output B (for Head B)	
28	Alarm output C (for Head C)	
29	Control output 1	
30	Control output 2	
31	Control output 3	
32	Control output 4	
33	Control output 5	
34 to 50	_	

### Bank select input

Bank	Bank select input				
No.	3	2	1	0	
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	
1	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	
2	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	
3	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	
4	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	
5	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	
6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	
7	OFF	ON	ON	ON	
8	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	
9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	
10	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	
11	ON	OFF	ON	ON	
12	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	
13	ON	ON	OFF	ON	
14	ON	ON	ON	OFF	
15	ON	ON	ON	ON	



This product emits a Class 1/Class 2 (II) or Class 3R (IIIa) visible laser beam that is compliant with JIS C 6802/IEC/FDA laser safety standards.

Because English language warnings indicating the sensor as Class 1 or Class 2 (II) or Class 3R (IIIa), as well as explanation labels, are located on the side of the sensor, please replace these warnings/explanation labels with the Japanese language warnings/ explanation labels included in the box when using in Japan.

### Type of laser used in this product

Туре	Red semiconductor laser	
Wavelength	650 nm/658 nm	
Output	390 μW/1 mW/5 mW	

If you install this product in a piece of machinery that will then be exported to the United States, it is necessary to follow laser standards as stipulated by the American Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

This product has already been submitted to the CDRH (Center for Devices and Radiological Health). (Please inquire for details.)







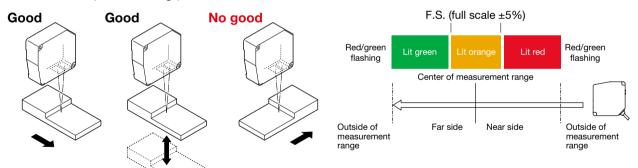
### Sensor head mounting



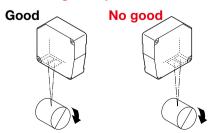
- Install the sensor head at a height that is not at worker eye level.
- Make sure to turn the amplifier unit power off before connecting Warning or removing sensor heads to and from amplifier units.

### Workpieces with large fluctuations in height difference or color

Mount the sensor head so that the detection surface (emitting/receiving part surfaces) is always parallel to the detection target. Adjust the target so that the spot aligns with the detection position, and ensure that the distance indicator lights up orange at the reference window (center of change).



### **Rotating workpieces**





Do not look directly at the laser or intentionally aim the laser beam in another person's eyes.

Doing so may cause damage to the eyes or health.



Because this product is considered a strategic material as stipulated under the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act", it is necessary to obtain an export license from the government of Japan as required by the previously stated act when exporting this product to outside of Japan.



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